HSBC Bank Australia Limited

Pillar 3 Disclosures at 30 June 2023
Consolidated Basis

HSBC

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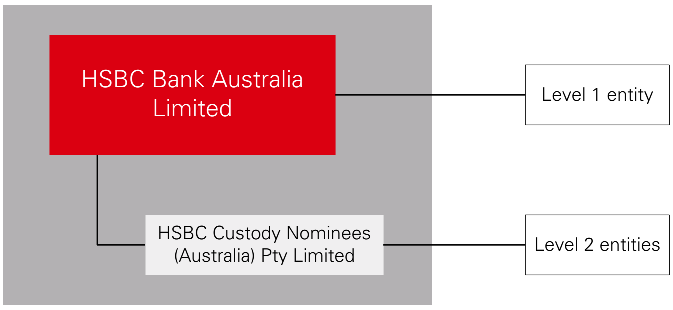
Purpose

This report has been prepared by HSBC Bank Australia Limited to meet its disclosure requirements under the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority's ('APRA') Prudential Standard APS 330: Public Disclosure. Figures contained within this report relate to quarter ended 30 June 2023 (unless otherwise stated).

Scope of application

For regulatory ('APRA') reporting purposes, HSBC Bank Australia Limited ('HBAU') establishes two levels of reporting; Level 1, which is HSBC Bank Australia Limited only, and Level 2, which is the consolidation of HSBC Bank Australia Limited and all its financial subsidiaries.

The Pillar 3 disclosures are based on Level 2 – Consolidated basis.



Verification

The Pillar 3 disclosures are not required to be audited by an external auditor. However, the disclosures have been appropriately verified internally and are consistent with information that is lodged or published elsewhere or that has been already supplied to APRA.

HSBC Bank Australia Limited context

HSBC is one of the world's largest banking and financial services organisations and therefore deals with multiple regulators in multiple jurisdictions around the world. HSBC Holdings plc, regulated by the Prudential Regulation Authority ('PRA') in the UK, operates under the Advanced Internal Ratings Based Approach ('IRB-A') for the majority of its Credit Risk, the Standardised Approach for Operational Risk and a mix of the Internal Models Approach and the Standardised Approach for Market Risk (since 1 January 2008).

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited regulated by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ('HKMA') in Hong Kong, has adopted the IRB-A approach for Credit Risk, the Standardised approach for Operational Risk and both the Internal Models and Standardised approach for Market Risk as of 1 January 2009.

HBAU has adopted the APRA Standardised approach for Credit, Market and Operational Risks as of 1 January 2008.

Regulator	Institution	Credit risk	Operational risk	Market risk
APRA	HBAU	STD	STD (ASA)	STD
HKMA	HBAP	IRB-A	STD	IMA/STD
PRA	HSBC Holdings plc	IRB-A	STD	IMA/STD

IRB-A	=	Internal Ratings Based – Advanced Approach for Credit Risk
IMA	=	Internal Models Approach for Market Risk
STD	=	Standardised Approach for either Credit, Market or Operational Risk
STD (ASA)	=	Standardised Approach (Alternative Standardised Approach) for Operational Risk

Frequency

This report, comprising Capital Adequacy disclosures (Table 3), Credit Risk (Table 4), Securitisation Exposures (Table 5) and Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure (Table 20) is released on a quarterly basis.

The Regulatory Capital Composition and Reconciliation (Table 1), Net Stable Funding Ratio (Table 21) and Remuneration disclosures (Table 18) are published annually as at 31 December balance sheet date and can be viewed on the HSBC website under the 'Financial disclosures' tab using the following link:

https://www.about.hsbc.com.au/hsbc-in-australia

The Bank's main features of capital instruments (Table 2) are updated on an ongoing basis and are available at the Regulatory Disclosures section of the Bank's website at the above address.

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Capital

Table 3: Capital adequacy (consolidated)

	At 30 Jun 2023 $m	At 31 Mar 2023 $m
Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for credit risk by portfolio		
Corporate	**6,351.1**	6,469.3
Government	**—**	—
Bank	**379.5**	308.0
Residential mortgage	**11,602.8**	11,767.6
Other retail	**877.0**	870.6
All other	**273.7**	287.9
Total Credit risk weighted assets (excluding securitisation)	**19,484.1**	19,703.4
Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for securitisation	**17.5**	10.9
Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for market risk	**217.0**	201.5
Capital requirements (in terms of risk-weighted assets) for operational risk	**1,756.4**	1,756.4
Total risk-weighted assets	**21,475.0**	21,672.3
Capital ratios (for the consolidated banking group)		
Common equity tier 1 capital ratio (%)	**12.0**	11.7
Tier 1 capital ratio (%)	**13.8**	13.5
Total capital ratio (%)	**15.6**	15.3

Credit risk

Table 4(A): Credit risk by gross credit exposure (consolidated)

	At 30 Jun 2023		At 31 Mar 2023	
	Total gross credit risk exposures	**Average gross exposure over the period**	Total gross credit risk exposures	Average gross exposure over the period
	$m	**$m**	$m	$m
Exposure type				
Cash and liquid assets	**645.7**	**581.1**	516.4	416.5
Debt securities	**10,225.0**	**9,558.8**	8,892.5	8,648.5
Due from other financial institutions	**3,431.7**	**4,868.9**	6,306.0	6,407.2
Loans and advances	**35,413.9**	**35,663.0**	35,912.0	35,522.3
Derivatives	**179.1**	**188.3**	197.4	178.8
Contingent liabilities, commitments and other off-balance sheet exposures	**11,625.0**	**11,792.9**	11,960.8	11,291.1
Other assets	**567.1**	**562.7**	558.8	555.9
Total exposures	**62,087.5**	**63,215.7**	64,343.9	63,020.3
Portfolio type				
Corporate	**7,954.1**	**7,975.7**	7,997.3	7,600.6
Government	**9,074.7**	**8,505.5**	7,936.4	7,662.4
Bank	**9,392.0**	**10,880.2**	12,368.4	12,319.7
Residential mortgage	**34,247.3**	**34,423.1**	34,598.9	34,262.0
Other retail	**1,144.8**	**1,148.7**	1,152.6	884.1
All other	**274.6**	**282.5**	290.3	291.5
Total exposures	**62,087.5**	**63,215.7**	64,343.9	63,020.3

Note: Total exposures are based on local APRA definitions.

Table 4(B): Credit risk: non-performing exposures (consolidated)

	At 30 Jun 2023		3 months ended 30 Jun 2023	
	Non-performing loans	**Specific provisions[1]**	**Net charges for specific provisions[3]**	**Net write-offs[2]**
	$m	**$m**	**$m**	**$m**
Financial position				
Portfolios subject to standardised approach				
– corporate	**42.1**	**25.0**	**5.9**	**49.0**
– government	**—**	**—**	**—**	**—**
– bank	**21.5**	**18.3**	**0.7**	**—**
– residential mortgage	**272.4**	**5.6**	**(4.2)**	**—**
– other retail	**22.5**	**10.7**	**4.9**	**—**
– all other	**—**	**—**	**—**	**—**
Total	**358.5**	**59.6**	**7.3**	**49.0**

	At 31 Mar 2023		3 months ended 31 Mar 2023	
	Non-performing loans	Specific provisions[1]	Net charges for specific provisions[3]	Net write-offs[2]
	$m	$m	$m	$m
Portfolios subject to standardised approach				
– corporate	93.5	68.1	(0.7)	—
– government	—	—	—	—
– bank	21.2	17.6	(0.1)	—
– residential mortgage	260.4	9.8	(4.5)	—
– other retail	23.8	5.8	(13.4)	3.4
– all other	—	—	—	—
Total	398.9	101.3	(18.7)	3.4

1 *Specific provisions only include Stage 3 ECL, which is now updated from March 2023 as a result of the transitional APS330 changes to the ARS220 updates which replaces impaired and past due with Non-performing loans that only relates to Stage 3 exposures.*
2 *Net write-offs equal write-offs from individual provisions, write-offs direct from collective provisions less recoveries of amounts previously written off, for the three months.*
3 *Charges for specific provisions other than provisions written off.*

Table 4(C): Credit risk: provisions held against performing exposures

	At 30 Jun 2023	At 31 Mar 2023
	$m	$m
Provisions held against performing exposures that represent a purely forward looking amount for future losses that are presently unidentified (as reported in Tier 2 capital).	**35.5**	39.6

Securitisation

Table 5: Securitisation exposure

	30 Jun 2023		31 Mar 2023	
	Securitisation activity	**Gain or loss on sale**	Securitisation activity	Gain or loss on sale
	$m	**$m**	$m	$m
Exposure type				
Residential mortgages – ADI originated	**899.0**	**—**	—	—
Credit cards – third party originated	**—**	**—**	—	—
Total	**—**	**—**	—	—

	At 30 Jun 2023		At 31 Mar 2023	
	On-balance sheet securitisation exposures retained or purchased	**Off-balance sheet securitisation exposures**	On-balance sheet securitisation exposures retained or purchased	Off-balance sheet securitisation exposures
	$m	**$m**	$m	$m
Securitisation exposure				
Securities held in the banking book	**—**	**—**	—	—
Liquidity facilities	**—**	**24.7**	—	15.2
Funding facilities	**8.3**	**—**	11	—
Swaps	**—**	**80.8**	—	42.6
Other	**0.5**	**—**	0.3	—
Total	**11.3**	**105.5**	11.3	57.8

Liquidity coverage ratio disclosure

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio ('LCR') aims to ensure that a bank has sufficient High Quality Liquid Assets ('HQLA') to meet its liquidity needs in a 30 calendar day severe liquidity stress scenario. HBAU follows guidelines set by APRA and is compliant with the minimum coverage ratio requirement of 100%. HBAU reported a weighted average LCR of 159.0% in the quarter ended 30 June 2023.

HBAU maintains a well-diversified and high quality liquid asset portfolio to support regulatory and internal requirements. Average liquid assets for the quarter were $15.0bn. HBAU's mix of liquid assets consist of cash, deposits with Central Bank, Australian Semi Government and Commonwealth Government Securities.

Funding sources to support business growth are primarily from customer deposits.

LCR Net Cash Outflows ('NCOs') represent the net cash flows that could potentially occur from on and off balance sheet activities within a 30-day severe liquidity stress scenario. The cash flows are calculated by applying APRA prescribed run-off factors to maturing debt, deposits and off balance sheet exposures offset by inflows from assets based on prescribed run-off factors.

Higher run-off factors are applied to sophisticated investors and depositors including long term and short term debt holders, financial institution and corporate depositors. Lower run-off factors are applied to deposits less likely to be withdrawn in a period of severe stress. These include deposits from people and from small and medium enterprises. Deposits from corporate and financial institutions, which are considered to be operational in nature, also attract a lower run-off.

Cash outflows arising from business activities that create contingent funding and collateral requirements, such as repo funding and derivatives and the extension of credit and liquidity facilities to customers, are also captured within the LCR calculation along with an allowance for debt buyback requests.

HBAU manages its LCR position on a daily basis, ensuring a buffer is maintained over the minimum regulatory requirement and the Board's risk appetite.

During the period of March 2023 to June 2023, the average LCR ratio has increased by 4.7% from 154.3% to 159.0%. This was mainly attributable to decreased net cash outflows of $0.5bn driven by decreased unsecured wholesale funding of $0.45bn and outflows related to retail deposits of $0.11bn.

Table 20: Liquidity coverage ratio disclosure

		At 30 Jun 2023		At 31 Mar 2023	
		Total unweighted value (average)	**Total weighted value (average)**	Total unweighted value (average)	Total weighted value (average)
		$m	**$m**	$m	$m
	Liquid assets		**14,973.3**		15,312.9
1	– *of which:* *high-quality liquid assets ('HQLA')*		***14,973.3***		*15,312.9*
2	*alternative liquid assets ('ALA')*		**–**		—
3	*Reserve Bank of New Zealand ('RBNZ') securities*		**–**		—
	Cash outflows				
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers	**20,177.8**	**1,781.9**	22,085.3	1,890.4
5	– *of which:* *stable deposits*	***9,624.1***	***481.2***	*10,344.5*	*517.2*
6	*less stable deposits*	***10,553.7***	***1,300.7***	*11,740.8*	*1,373.2*
7	Unsecured wholesale funding	**17,764.5**	**6,983.7**	17,840.2	7,436.8
8	– *of which:* *operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks for cooperative banks*	***8,974.6***	***2,149.2***	*9,032.0*	*2,159.3*
9	*non-operational deposits (all counterparties)*	***8,789.9***	***4,834.5***	*8,808.2*	*5,277.5*
10	*unsecured debt*	**–**	**–**	—	—
11	Secured wholesale funding		**–**		—
12	Additional requirements	**7,772.0**	**730.7**	7,623.0	745.8
13	– *of which:* *outflows related to derivatives exposures and other collateral requirements*	***35.1***	***35.1***	*65.6*	*65.6*
14	*outflows related to loss of funding on debt products*	**–**	***0.4***	—	*0.4*
15	*credit and liquidity facilities*	***7,736.9***	***695.2***	*7,557.4*	*679.8*
16	Other contractual funding obligations	**196.0**	**191.1**	148.3	142.8
17	Other contingent funding obligations	**4,828.9**	**364.8**	4,525.2	312.8
18	**Total cash outflows**		**10,052.2**		10,528.6
	Cash inflows				
19	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	**3,351.7**	**–**	2,336.6	—
20	Inflows from fully performing exposures	**959.1**	**571.5**	990.6	575.4
21	Other cash inflows	**63.3**	**63.3**	32.2	32.2
22	**Total cash inflows**	**4,374.1**	**634.8**	3,359.4	607.6
23	**Total liquid assets**		**14,973.3**		15,312.9
24	**Total net cash outflows**		**9,417.4**		9,921.0
25	Liquidity coverage ratio (%)		**159.0**		154.3
	Data points		**61**		63

The LCR Disclosure Template reflects the Basel standards and is calculated based on simple averages of daily observations over the previous quarter excluding weekends and public holidays.

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